# IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS AUSTIN DIVISION

JAMES ANTHONY PELOQUIN,	§	
Petitioner,	§	
	§	
V.	§	A-08-CA-477-LY
	§	
NATHANIEL QUARTERMAN,	§	
<b>Director, Texas Dept. of Criminal Justice-</b>	§	
<b>Correctional Institutions</b>	§	
Division,	§	
Respondent.	§	

# REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION OF UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

To: The Honorable Lee Yeakel, United States District Judge

The Magistrate Judge submits this Report and Recommendation to the District Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §636(b) and Rule 1(e) of Appendix C of the Local Court Rules of the United States District Court for the Western District of Texas, Local Rules for the Assignment of Duties to United States Magistrates, as amended, effective December 1, 2002.

Before the Court are Petitioner's Application for Habeas Corpus Relief under 28 U.S.C. § 2254 (Document 1) and Petitioner's brief in support thereof (Document 2). Petitioner, proceeding pro se, has been granted leave to proceed in forma pauperis. For the reasons set forth below, the undersigned finds that Petitioner's application for writ of habeas corpus should be dismissed.

### I. STATEMENT OF THE CASE

## A. Petitioner's Criminal History

According to Petitioner, the Director has custody of him pursuant to a judgment and sentence of the 22<sup>nd</sup> Judicial District Court of Hays County, Texas. Petitioner asserts, after pleading guilty, he was convicted of murder and sentenced to 50 years in prison on January 5, 1999. Petitioner

admits he did not appeal his conviction. He did, however, challenge his conviction in a state application for habeas corpus relief. Petitioner indicates he filed his application on March 7, 2008, and the Texas Court of Criminal Appeals denied it on April 16, 2008. Ex parte Peloquin, Appl. No. 69,671-01.

#### B. Petitioner's Grounds for Relief

Petitioner raises the following grounds for relief:

- 1. The indictment was invalid;
- 2. Due to trial court misconduct, the trial court was without jurisdiction to convict him; and
- 3. Petitioner received ineffective assistance of counsel.

# II. DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### A. The Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act of 1996

On April 24, 1996, the President signed into law the Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act of 1996 ["AEDPA"]. The AEDPA amended 28 U.S.C. § 2244 to provide a statute of limitations for applications for habeas corpus relief filed pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254. That section provides, in relevant part:

- (d)(1) A 1-year period of limitation shall apply to an application for a writ of habeas corpus by a person in custody pursuant to the judgment of a State court. The limitation period shall run from the latest of—
  - (A) the date on which the judgment became final by the conclusion of direct review or the expiration of the time for seeking such review;
  - (B) the date on which the impediment to filing an application created by State action in violation of the Constitution or laws of the United States is removed, if the applicant was prevented from filing by such State action;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Pub.L. No. 104-132, 110 Stat. 1214 (1996).

- (C) the date on which the constitutional right asserted was initially recognized by the Supreme Court, if the right has been newly recognized by the Supreme Court and made retroactively applicable to cases on collateral review; or
- (D) the date on which the factual predicate of the claim or claims presented could have been discovered through the exercise of due diligence.
- (2) The time during which a properly filed application for State post-conviction or other collateral review with respect to the pertinent judgment or claim is pending shall not be counted toward any period of limitation under this subsection.

## B. Application

Petitioner's conviction became final, at the latest, on February 4, 1999, at the conclusion of time during which he could have appealed his conviction. See Tex. R. App. P. 26.2(a). Therefore, Petitioner's application, to be timely, would have had to have been filed on or before February 4, 2000. Petitioner did not execute his federal application for habeas corpus relief until June 10, 2008, more than eight years after the expiration of the limitations period. Petitioner's state application for habeas corpus relief did not operate to toll the limitations period, because it too was filed long after the limitations period had expired.

The record does not reflect that any unconstitutional state action impeded Petitioner from filing for federal habeas corpus relief prior to the end of the limitations period. Furthermore, Petitioner has not shown that he did not know the factual predicate of his claims earlier. Finally, the claims do not concern a constitutional right recognized by the Supreme Court within the last year and made retroactive to cases on collateral review.

### III. RECOMMENDATION

It is recommended that Petitioner's application for writ of habeas corpus be dismissed as time-barred.

IV. OBJECTIONS

The parties may file objections to this Report and Recommendation. A party filing

objections must specifically identify those findings or recommendations to which objections are

being made. The District Court need not consider frivolous, conclusive, or general objections.

Battles v. United States Parole Comm'n, 834 F.2d 419, 421 (5th Cir. 1987).

A party's failure to file written objections to the proposed findings and recommendations

contained in this Report within ten (10) days after the party is served with a copy of the Report shall

bar that party from de novo review by the district court of the proposed findings and

recommendations in the Report and, except upon grounds of plain error, shall bar the party from

appellate review of unobjected-to proposed factual findings and legal conclusions accepted by the

district court. See 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(C); Thomas v. Arn, 474 U.S. 140, 150-153, 106 S. Ct.

466, 472-74 (1985); Douglass v. United Servs. Auto. Assoc., 79 F.3d 1415 (5th Cir. 1996)(en banc).

To the extent that a party has not been served by the Clerk with this Report and

Recommendation electronically, pursuant to the CM/ECF procedures of this District, the Clerk is

ORDERED to mail such party a copy of this Report and Recommendation by certified mail, return

receipt requested.

SIGNED this 27th day of June, 2008.

ANDREW W. AUSTIN

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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